



# Cell biology for newbies

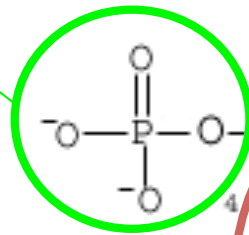
# Wat is DNA?



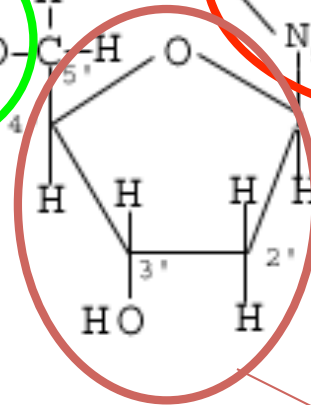
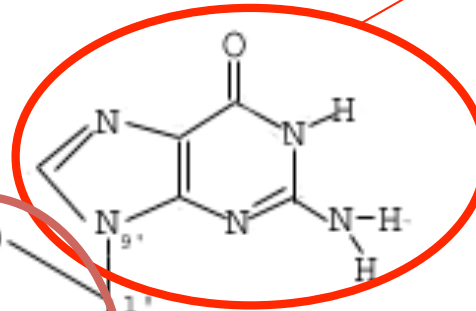
- Genetische materiaal
- Eenheid DNA: nucleotiden (A,T,C en G)
- Dubbele helix
- Semi-conservatieve replicatie

# Opbouw nucleotide

Fosfaatgroep

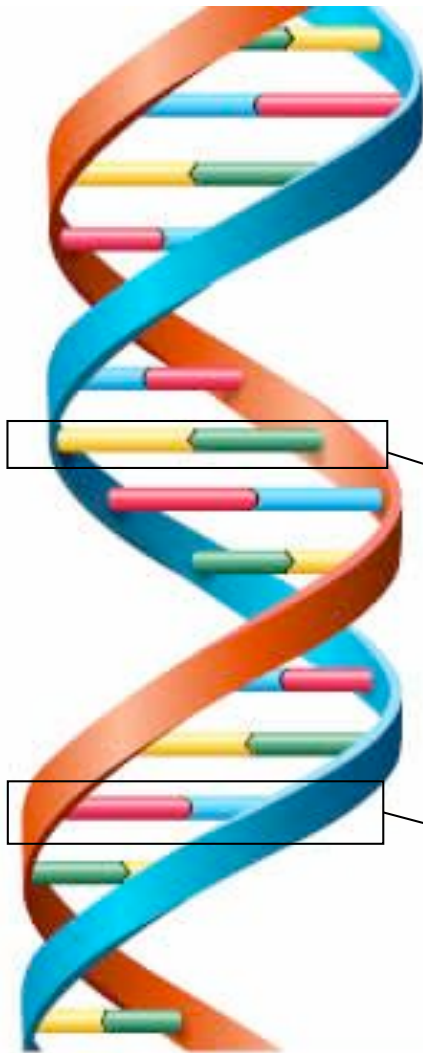


Base  
(A, T, C en G)

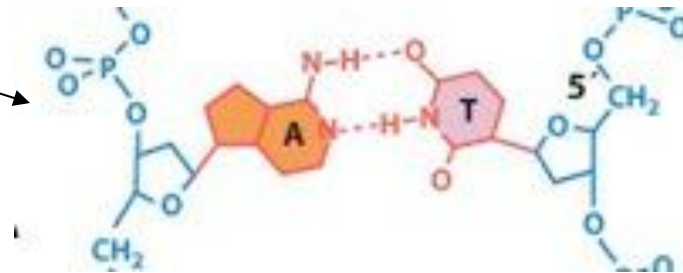


Deoxyribose

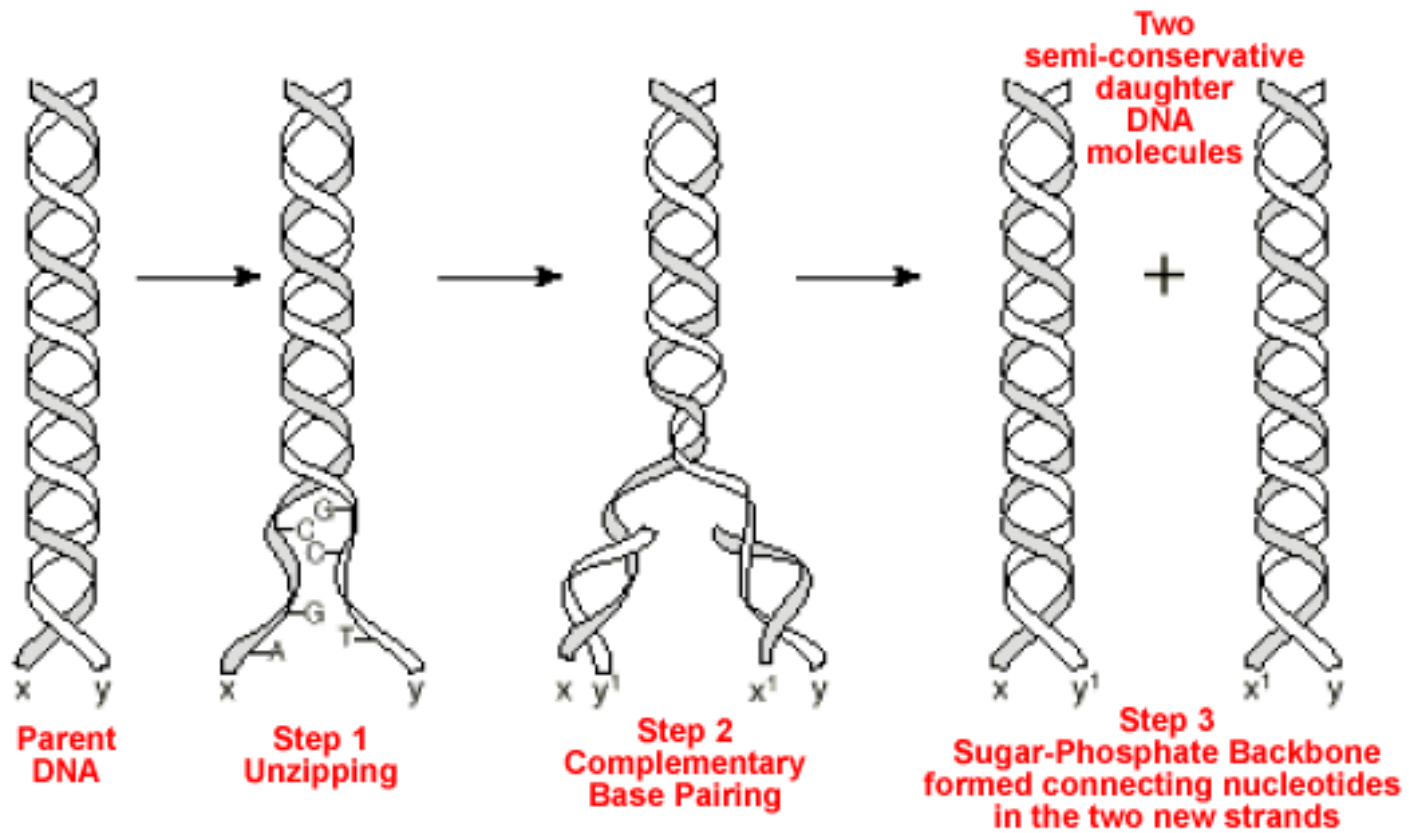
# Dubbele helix



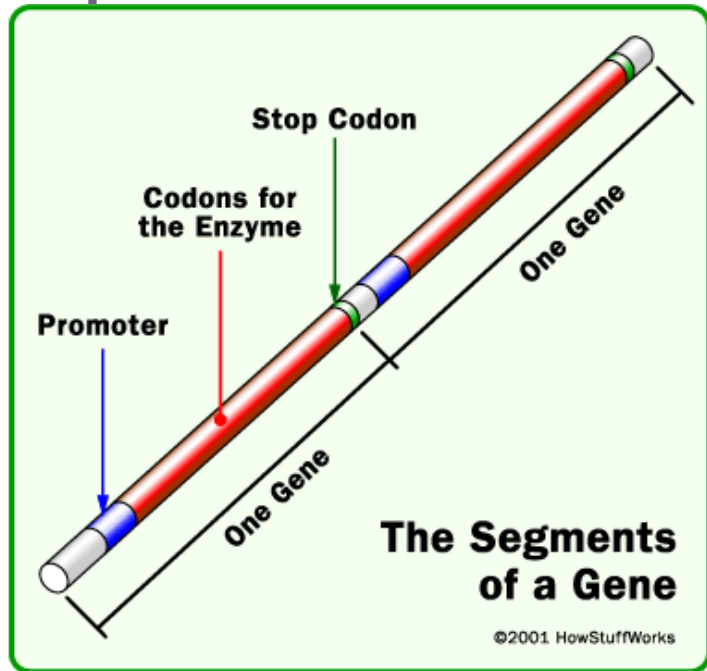
- Suiker – fosfaat ruggengraat
- Vorming baseparen via waterstofbruggen
- Kleine groef
- Grote groef



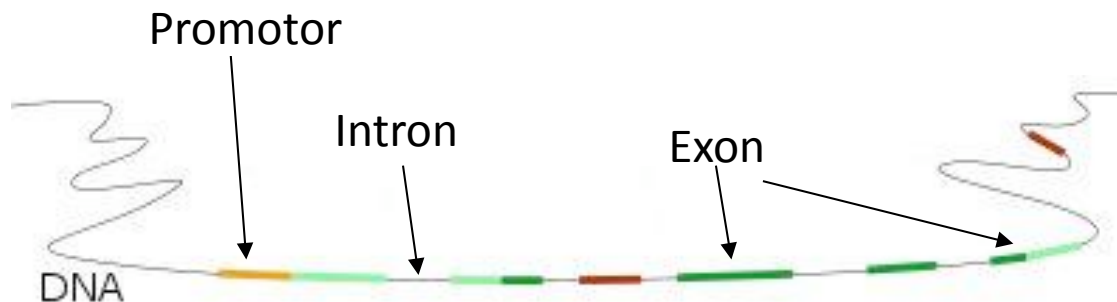
# DNA replicatie



# Genen



- Regulerende regio's:
  - Promotor
  - Ribosoom bindingsplaats
  - Terminator
- Coderende regio's
- Exon
- Intron



# Transcriptie

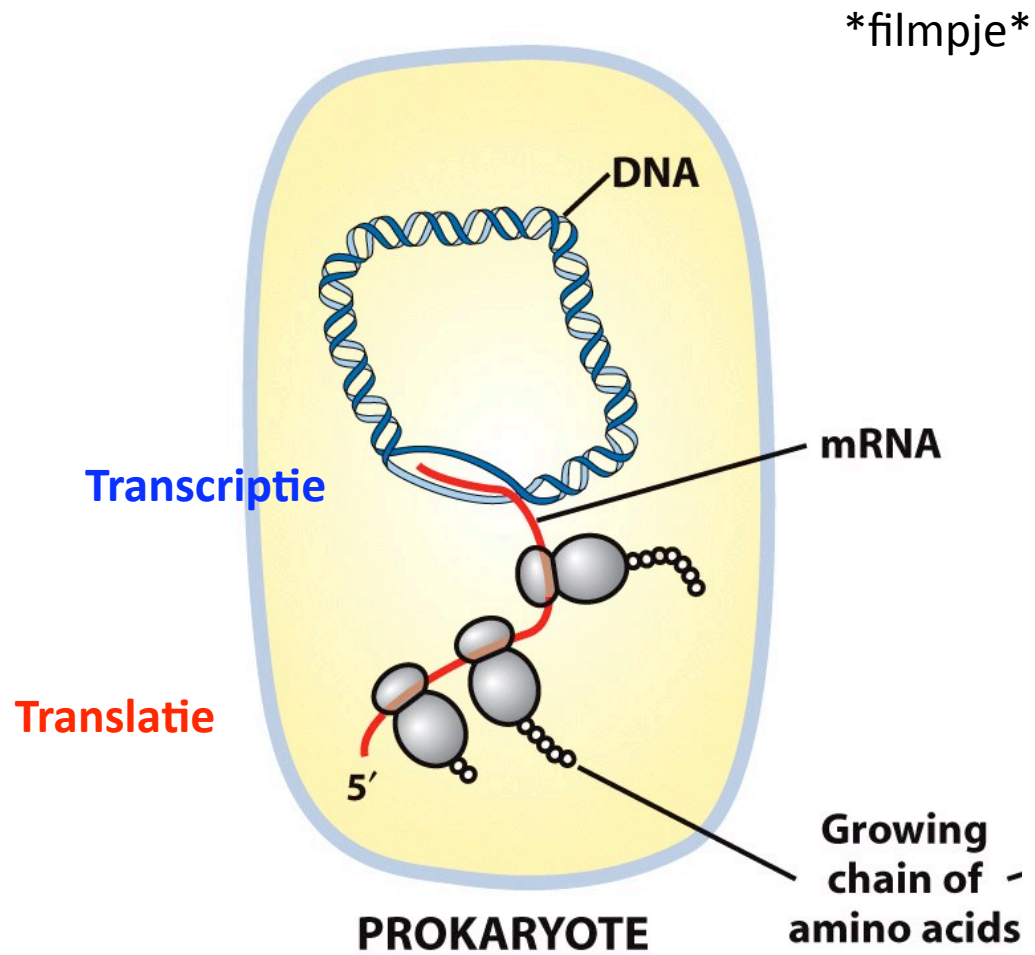


Figure 8-11  
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# Sequences of DNA and transcribed RNA

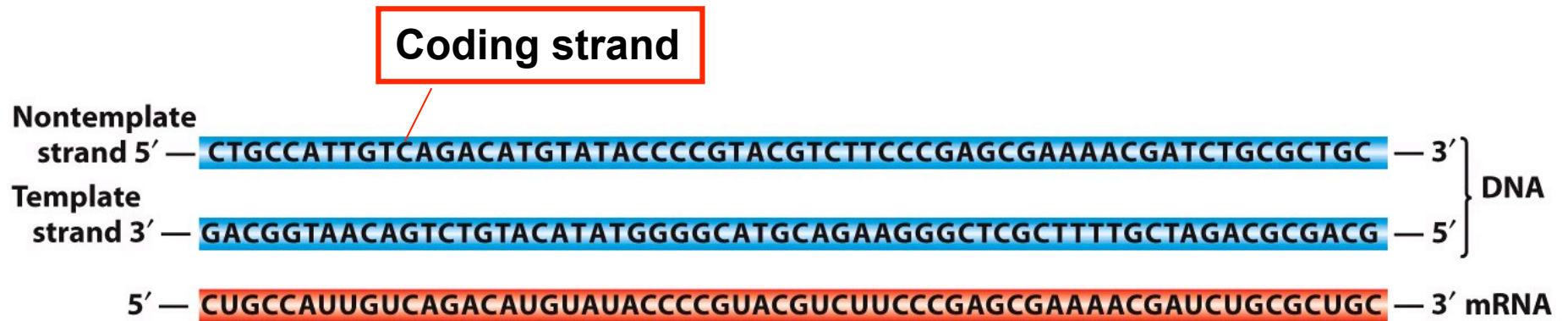
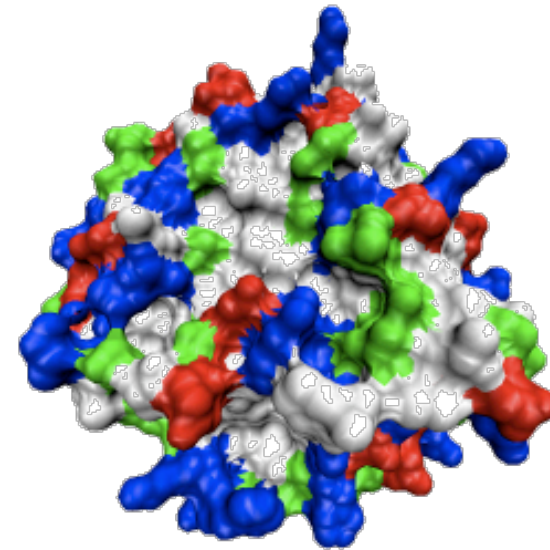
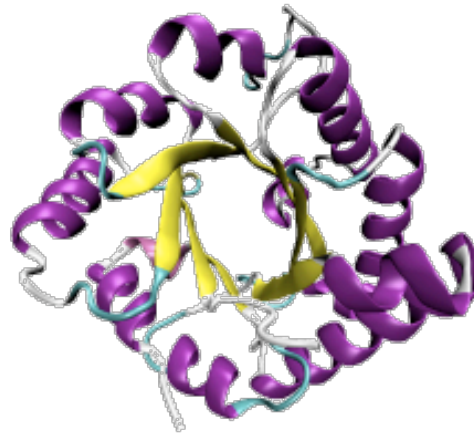
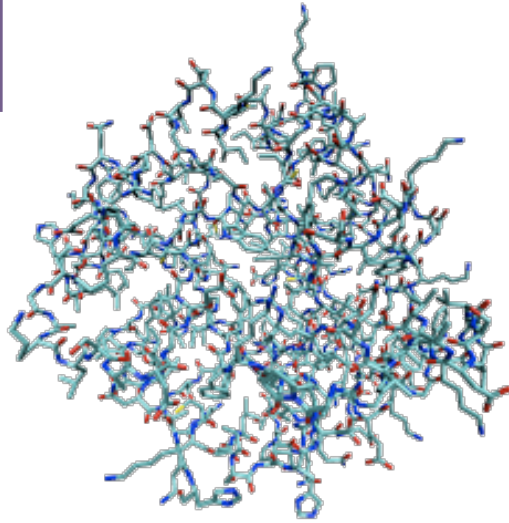


Figure 8-6  
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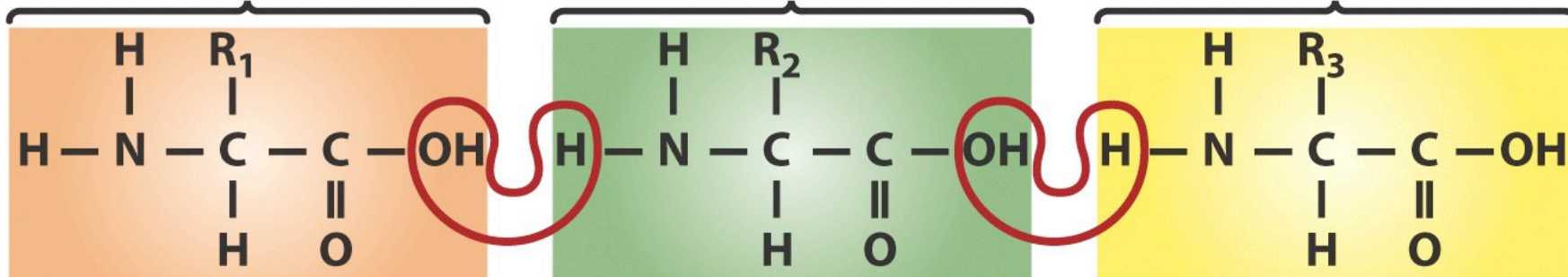
# Vorming van een polypeptide



aa<sub>1</sub>

aa<sub>2</sub>

aa<sub>3</sub>





		Second letter					
		U	C	A	G		
First letter	U	UUU } Phe UUC } UUA } Leu UUG }	UCU } UCC } Ser UCA } UCG }	UAU } Tyr UAC } UAA } Stop UAG } Stop	UGU } Cys UGC } UGA } Stop UGG } Trp	U C A G	
	C	CUU } CUC } Leu CUA } CUG }	CCU } CCC } Pro CCA } CCG }	CAU } His CAC } CAA } Gln CAG }	CGU } CGC } Arg CGA } CGG }	U C A G	
	A	AUU } AUC } Ile AUA } AUG } Met	ACU } ACC } Thr ACA } ACG }	AAU } Asn AAC } AAA } Lys AAG }	AGU } Ser AGC } AGA } Arg AGG }	U C A G	
	G	GUU } GUC } Val GUA } GUG }	GCU } GCC } Ala GCA } GCG }	GAU } Asp GAC } GAA } Glu GAG }	GGU } GGC } Gly GGA } GGG }	U C A G	

Degeneration of the code:  
Multiple codons for the same amino acid

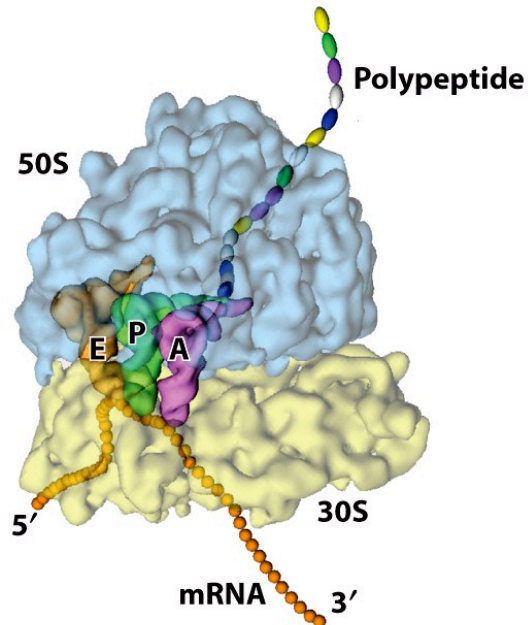
STOP codons:

Amber: UAG

Opal: UGA

Ochre: UAA

(a) Computer model



(b) Schematic model

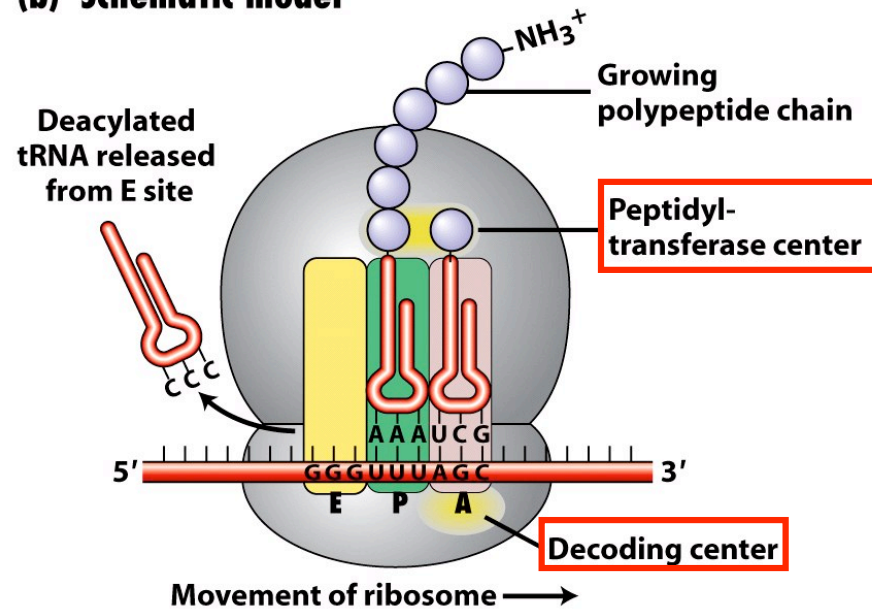


Figure 9-13  
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**A position** (aminoacyl) is the entry site.

**P position** (peptidyl) contains tRNA attached to growing peptide.

**E position** ("exit") contains the deacetylated tRNA ready to leave the ribosome.

# GEN REGULATIE

op verschillende niveau's

- Transcriptie

Bv: Lac operon

- Translatie

Bv: anti-sense RNA zoals R-proteïnes

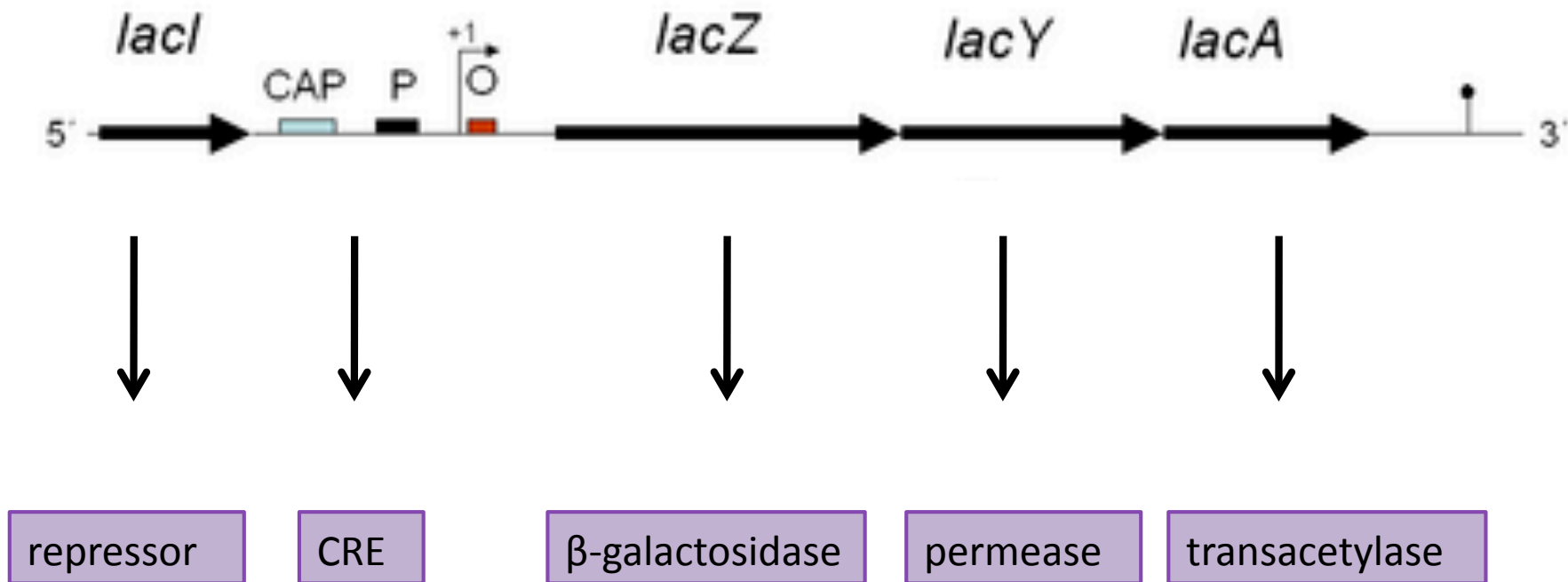
- Proteïnes

Bv: degradatie via proteasen/proteasoom

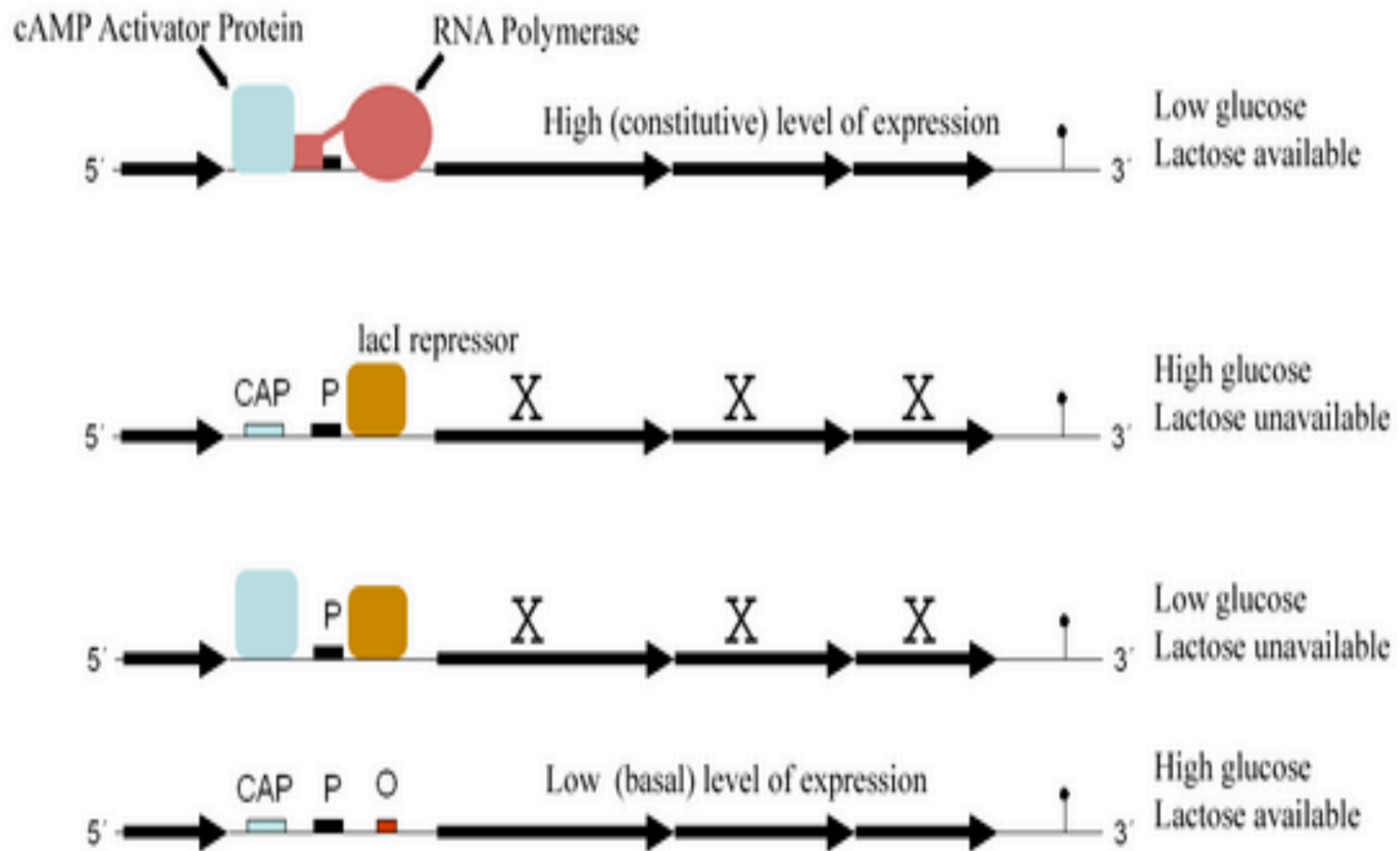
# GEN REGULATIE

Lac – Operon spelers:

## The *lac* Operon and its Control Elements



# mechanisme



# resultaat

	<b>Repressor</b>	<b>CRP</b>	<b>Resultaat</b>
<b>Lactose + Glucose -</b>	Niet actief	Actief	Veel expressie
<b>Lactose + Glucose+</b>	Niet actief	Niet actief	Weinig expressie
<b>Lacotose - Glucose +</b>	Actief	Niet actief	Geen expressie
<b>Lactose - Glucose -</b>	Actief	Actief	Geen expressie